Year 7: Introduction to Science

	Check	Date		
Introduction to Science				
Brainstorm: What is science?				
Identify specialist branches of science (Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Astronomy and Geology)				
Describe the work of two scientists from two different branches of science. Include one Australian scientist.				
Draw a scientist Did you draw a male with fuzzy silver hair and glasses? Explain why				
Working Scientifically				
WS4a. identifying questions and problems that can be investigated scientifically (ACSIS124, ACSIS139)				
Introduce the idea that all discoveries start with questions				
Identify the different type of questions scientists ask (What, how and why)				
Describe the basic principles of the scientific methodology (aim, hypothesis, materials etc)				
CODE: 7Intro1 First-Hand Investigation: Bubbleology (Oxford pg5) Use mix of glycerine, dishwashing liquid and water to make bubbles. Students measure and average sizes.				
WS6b. assembling and using appropriate equipment and resources to perform the investigation, including safety equipment				
WS6c. selecting equipment to collect data with accuracy appropriate to the task <i>(ACSIS126, ACSIS141)</i> .				
WS6f. performing specific roles safely and responsibly when working collaboratively to complete a task within the timeline 🖬				
Laboratory safety				
Identify safety symbols used in the laboratory				
Identify safety rules to follow in the laboratory				
Outline risks and precautions to take in order to remain safe in the laboratory				
Describe the benefits of working in groups within the laboratory				
Scientific equipment				
Identify common equipment used in the laboratory				
Identify the use of the above mentioned pieces of equipment				
Draw scientific diagrams of common equipment				
CODE: 7Intro2 First-Hand Investigation: Using a Bunsen burner Introduces the features and safe use of a Bunsen burner. Get all students to talk through the steps for lighting a Bunsen burner safely or to simulate lighting it before actually lighting one				

WS4b. making predictions based on scientific knowledge and their own observations (ACSIS124, ACSIS139)	
WS5.2b. outlining a logical procedure for undertaking a range of investigations to collect valid first-hand data, including fair tests	
WS5.2c. identifying in fair tests, variables to be controlled (held constant), measured and changed	
WS6e. recording observations and measurements accurately, using appropriate units for physical quantities 🐔	
Predictions and hypothesis	
Define the terms predictions and hypothesis	
Distinguish between prediction and hypothesis, using examples	
Investigating and solving problems	
Identify the 5 human senses	
Distinguish between an observation and an inference, using examples	
Define the terms qualitative and quantitative data, using examples	
Identify how qualitative and quantitative data is recorded	
Identify a range of measurements and the units for each	
Scientists preparing for an experiment	
Define the terms variable, fair-test, reliability, validity and accuracy	
Identify the three types of variables found within science (Independent, Dependent, Control)	
Describe the requirements of a fair-test, reliability and validity	
Distinguish between reliability and validity using examples	
 CODE: 7Intro3 First-Hand Investigation: Determine the boiling point of both tap water and saltwater Define boiling and melting point Write up using correct scientific methodology and terminology Identify risks involved in experiment collect record data in a table and draw a line graph to represent the data CODE: 7Intro4 First-Hand Investigation: To demonstrate the impact of surface colour 	
 on absorption of heat energy Write up using correct scientific methodology and terminology Identify risks involved in experiment Collect record data in a table and draw a line graph to represent the data 	

WS7.2b. constructing and using a range of representations, including graphs, keys and models to represent and analyse patterns or relationships, including using digital technologies as appropriate (ACSIS129, ACSIS144) 🔍 🖩 ኛ	
WS7.1a. summarising data from students' own investigations and secondary sources (ACSIS130, ACSIS145) 🖩 🏕	
WS7.1b. using a range of representations to organise data, including graphs, keys, models, diagrams, tables and spreadsheets 🖩	
WS7.1e. applying simple numerical procedures, e.g. calculating means when processing data and information, as appropriate 🖩	
Identify a range of representations used to organise information/data (tables, graphs etc.)	
Distinguish between different types of graphs and how to use them appropriately	
Describe the correct procedure for constructing tables and graphs (placement of variables, units and headings)	
CODE: 7Intro5 First-Hand Investigation: Making a ping pong ball bounce sideways (Oxford pg14)	
Comments and Suggested improvements	
Name: Signature: Date:	